## Chemistry 2500 (Fall 2017): Assignment #8 – Bonding

- 1. Construct a *complete* molecular orbital diagram for  $F_2^{2-}$ . Label and draw all orbitals. Identify all of the following terms which applies to this molecule: paramagnetic, diamagnetic, triplet, singlet. Do you expect this to be a stable molecule? Why or Why not (Explain Fully)?
- 2. Draw the  $\pi$ -MOs for the following molecule:



Label all the MOs as bonding, antibonding, or non-bonding.

- 3. Use molecular orbital arguments to explain why Ne<sub>2</sub> is not a stable molecule.
- 4. Draw the  $\pi$  molecular orbital diagram for the cyclic molecule C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup>. Be sure to label and draw each molecular orbital.
- 5. A d-orbital is shown below:



Sketch how two such orbitals on adjacent atoms might interact to form: a) a  $\sigma$ -bond b) a  $\pi$ -bond

6. a) Sketch the  $\pi$  molecular orbital diagram for the following formate anion. Be sure to draw and label each of the  $\pi$  molecular orbitals.



b) Add the  $\pi$  electrons to the diagram.

c) Label the orbitals as bonding, non-bonding or antibonding.

d) Where appropriate, label the molecular orbitals as HOMO, SOMO or LUMO.

e) Is this anion diamagnetic or paramagnetic? No explanation is required.

f) Reaction of formate anion with HCl gives protonation. Based on the frontier molecular orbitals of formate, explain where protonation takes place.

7. Construct a *complete* molecular orbital diagram for N<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>. Label and draw all orbitals. Identify all of the following terms which applies to this molecule: paramagnetic, diamagnetic, triplet, singlet. What is the bond order?